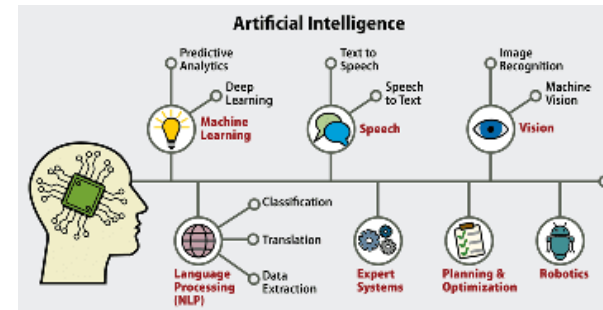


Agentic AI and the Supply Chain (Implementation, Benefits and Challenges)

Sources: Aberdeen Research, CAPS, Gartner, BCG, SCS



Topics

- 1. What is Agentic AI?**
- 2. What does Agentic AI Offer?**
- 3. Five Strategic Moves**
- 4. Challenges**
- 5. Rol of Agentic AI and Humans**
- 6. Focus is on High-Value, High-Density**
- 7. Hybrid Implementation**
- 8. Expected Benefits**

What is Agentic AI?

The next wave moves beyond generative AI with proactive intelligent agents that work through steps toward a goal.

What does agentic AI offer?

- **Goal-oriented approach:** Comprehends a high-level goal and the AI agent's defined role.
- **Multistep problem solving:** Devises a plan to reach the goal.
- **Self-directed execution:** Takes tactical action, working with other tools, applications, and workflows
- **Adaptability:** Flexibly handles trial-and-error and other changes.

Agentic AI is positioned to drive near-term top- and bottom-line impact by transforming supply chain decisions

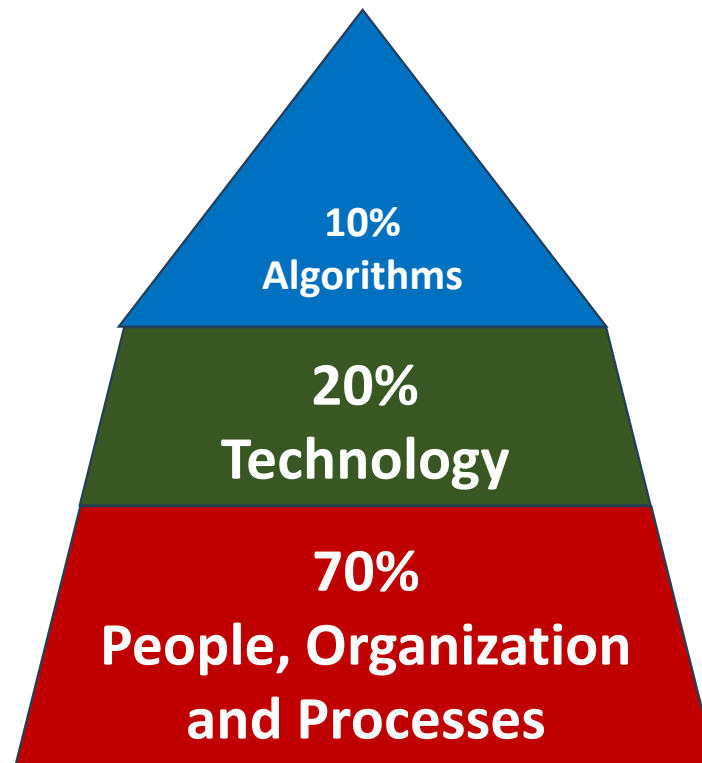
- Supply chains have realized little value after adopting simple Gen AI apps
- Agentic AI has the potential to break traditional supply chain constraints
- A human-agentic operating model is emerging as the future framework for supply chain

Today, leaders are making five strategic moves to ensure future success

- 1. Invest in a robust data foundation**
- 2. Start where decision density and value intersect**
- 3. Rebuild workflows around AI-led enterprise optimization vs. functional negotiations**
- 4. Adopt a hybrid build-and-buy approach to platform strategies**
- 5. Make AI decisions transparent, auditable, and explainable Supply chains have realized little value after adopting simple Gen AI apps**

Even with AI, a supply chain transformation faces the same fundamental challenges of adoption, functional silos, and having the right expertise

Study of Main Challenges (% of Respondents)



By 2030, SCM organizations are expected to have agents planning and executing and humans managing exceptions

Planning activity types

Design: Improve the system

Continuously improve planning rules, thresholds, and systems

Resolve: Manage exceptions

Prioritize and resolve exceptions through cross-functional tradeoffs

Run: Plan and execute

Execute plans through routines and rule-based activities, including manual analysis

Limited digital enablement; focus on systems

Today

Most effort is spent running the machine



Planners keep plans alive with little time to improve them

Design: 5%

Resolve: 25%

Run: 70%

Early agent adoption; high human oversight

2030

Agents plan and execute; humans focus on resolving



Automation reduces noise; planners shift to problem-solving

Design: 20%

Resolve: 50%

Run: 30%

Scaled adoption; increasingly autonomous agents

2035

Design-led, exception-based planning



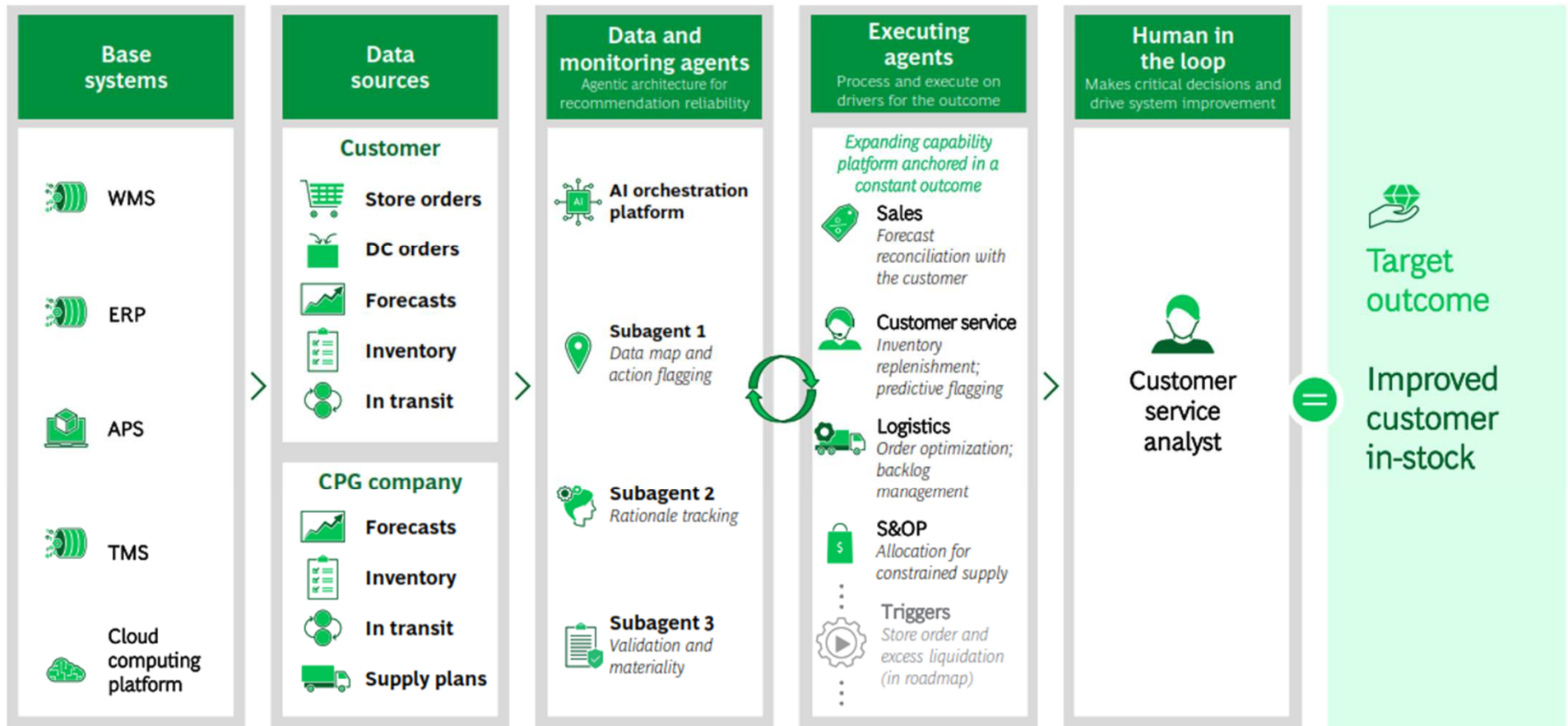
Planning becomes a strategic capability focused on shaping outcomes

Design: 60%

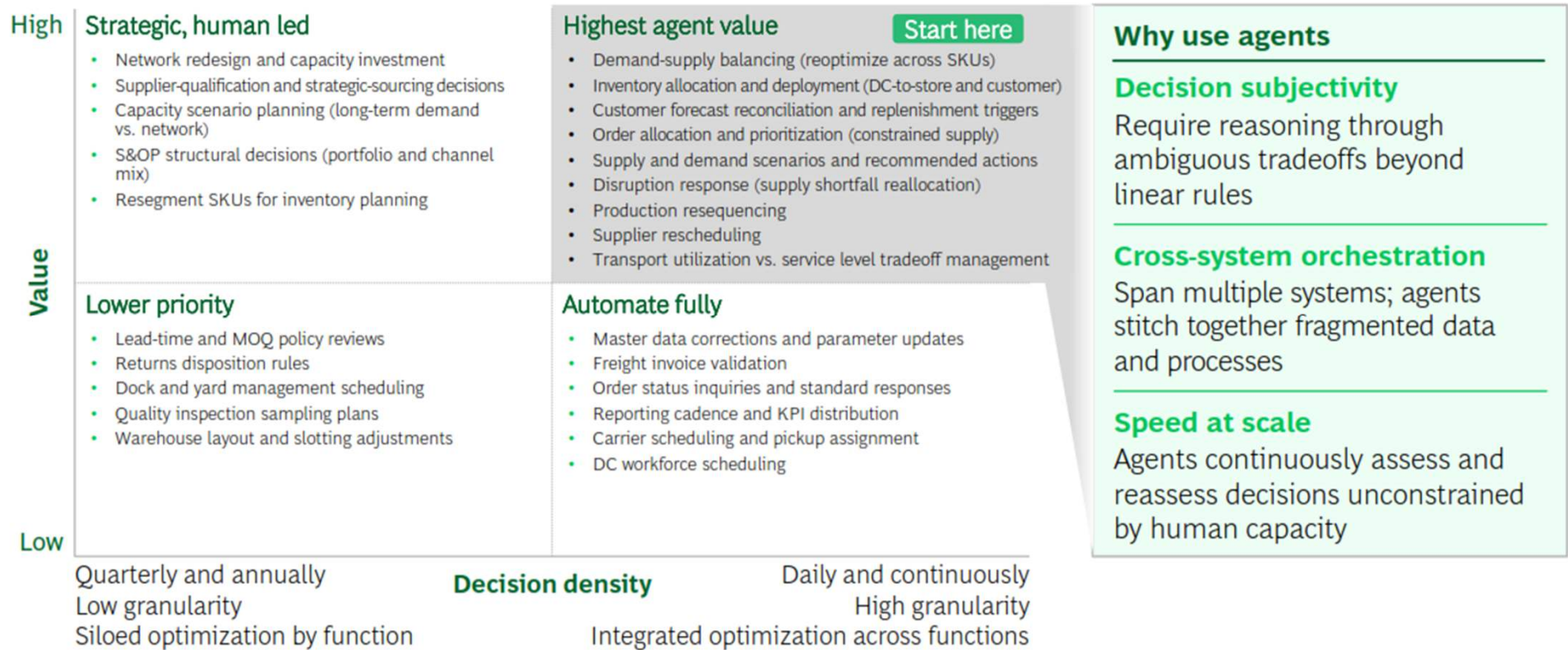
Resolve: 35%

Run: 5%

The company's agentic platform provides validated recommendations with human analysts making critical decisions



Focus first on improving high-value, high-density decisions that are constrained by analytical capacity



Implement a hybrid build-and-buy strategy to unlock greater tech value

Buy the foundational layer and customize the agentic layers

Buy

APS and foundational planning systems

- Use off-the-shelf planning systems as your system of record for demand, supply, capacity, and inventory
- Use vendor agents for standard APS functions, but own the configuration and deeply understand the decision logic
- Retain in-house control over data, architecture, and governance even when the software is bought

Build

Custom workflow agents and orchestration layer

- Build agents for cross-system orchestration that no APS can deliver alone
- Focus on highest-value use cases with direct integration into critical systems
- Design for portability using popular frameworks (e.g., ADK and LangGraph) to avoid vendor lock-in

Implement a hybrid build-and-buy strategy to unlock greater tech value

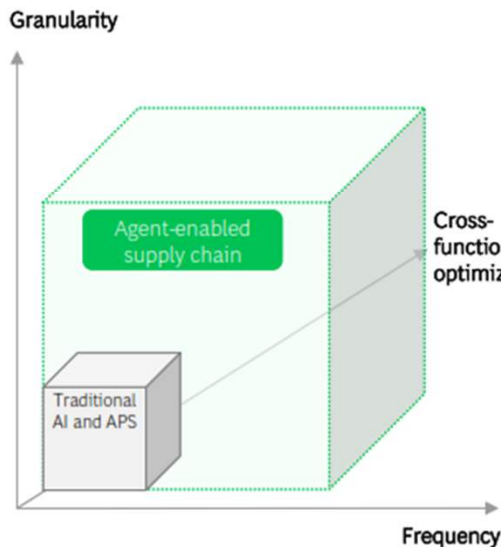
The Agent Development Kit (ADK) is an open-source agent development framework that allows you to build, debug, and then deploy reliable AI agents at enterprise scale. It starts with agents and tools, and progresses toward sophisticated multi-agent systems. The ADK enables developers to create everything from personal AI assistants to critical enterprise workflows.

LangGraph is an MIT-licensed, open-source orchestration framework built to create stateful, multi-agent AI applications. It models complex AI workflows as directed, cyclical graphs. Developers define distinct components as **nodes** (agents or tools) and connections as **edges** (decision logic or routing)

Agents are expanding the performance envelope in ways that advanced planning systems and human-led processes could not

Agents are removing the constraints that traditional AI and tools could not overcome

Supply chain decision space



Agents enable high decision density

- 1 High frequency**
 Always-on execution that is not constrained by planning cycles or analyst availability
- 2 High granularity**
 No longer forced to aggregate data to make problems manageable for humans
- 3 Integrated cross-functional optimization**
 One pass across price, service, cost, and risk versus sequential team negotiations

Agentic AI has the potential to unlock massive value creation for supply chains

| | | |
|--|--|---|
| Revenue upside +2%-5% Revenue uplift | EBITDA +2-4 pp Profitability increase | Working capital 15%-30% Inventory reduction |
| Service and satisfaction +5-15pp Service rate improvement | Throughput +5-10 pp OEE uplift | Costs 10%-20% Reduction in manufacturing, warehousing, and distribution costs |
| CO₂ emissions 20%-50% Average near-term CO ₂ reduction | Resilience Divide by 10 Time to understand upstream scenarios and actions needed vs. suppliers | Flexibility Divide by 5 Time needed to make plan and execute |